## CLAIM AMENDMENTS

## Claim 1 (Currently Amended)

A set of toners for developing static latent image to form a color image by combining chromatic toners comprising a yellow toner, a magenta toner and a cyan toner, and a black toner,

wherein each of the toners is a toner produced by polymerization of a polymerizable monomer in an aqueous medium,

the difference of re-dispersion electro-conductivity of each of the chromatic toners and the black toner is within the range of from 0.8 to 12  $\mu s/cm$ ,

the number of free colorant particles on the black toner surface is less than 9 per 500 toner particles, and

a light absorbance at 500 nm of a black toner dispersion is not more than  $\frac{0.8}{0.08}$ .

### Claim 2 (previously presented)

The set of toners of claim 1, wherein  $\rho y > \rho b k$ ,  $\rho m > \rho b k$  and  $\rho c > \rho b k$ , when the  $\rho y$  is re-dispersion electroconductivity of the yellow toner, the  $\rho m$  is a re-dispersion electro-conductivity of the magenta toner, the  $\rho c$  is a re-

dispersion electro-conductivity of the cyan toner and the  $\rho bk$  is re-dispersion electro-conductivity of the black toner.

## Claim 3 (previously presented)

The set of toners of claim 1, wherein each of the toners is a toner produced by a process comprising:

polymerizing a polymerizable monomer in an aqueous medium,

simultaneously salting out, aggregating and fusing, and

washing.

#### Claim 4 (previously presented)

The set of toners of claim 1, wherein each of the chromatic toners has an average diameter from 3 to 8  $\mu m$  and a ratio of toner particles having a shape coefficient of from 1.2 to 1.6 of not less than 65%.

## Claim 5 (cancelled)

# Claim 6 (previously presented)

The set of toners of claim 1, wherein the sum M of a relative frequency ml of toner particles included in the highest frequency class and a relative frequency of  $m^2$  toner particles included in the next frequency class is not less than 70% in a histogram showing the particle size distribution based on the number of the particles in which natural logarithm lnD of the particle diameter of each of the toners D  $\mu$ m is taken on the horizontal axis and the axis is divided every 0.23.

Claims 7-8 (cancelled)